

Walmer Town Council's Standing Orders



WALMER TOWN COUNCIL

Standing Orders

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Appendix – Terms of Reference for committees/Sub-committees and policy review

Adopted 3rd Jul 2024. – Updated 4th Sept 2024 – Added front cover, amended title section 2 and added in limit on Chairman in section 6

1. Rules of debate at meetings

a Motions must be submitted in writing (see Section 10).

b Content and length of speeches

(a) A member must direct their speech to the question under discussion or to a personal explanation.

(b) A member must not speak for more than three minutes except for the proposer of the motion who may have an additional two minutes to sum up at the end of the debate.

c Amendments to motions

(a) An amendment to a motion must be relevant to the motion and will either be:

- (i) to refer the matter to an appropriate body or individual for consideration or reconsideration
- (ii) to leave out words
- (iii) to leave out words and insert or add others
- (iv) to insert or add words

provided the effect of (ii) to (iv) does not negate or displace the motion.

(b) Only one amendment may be moved and discussed at any one time. No further amendment may be moved until the amendment under discussion has been disposed of.

(c) If an amendment is not carried, other amendments to the original motion may be moved.

(d) If an amendment is carried, the motion as amended takes the place of the original motion. This becomes the substantive motion to which any further amendments are moved.

(e) After an amendment has been carried, the Chairman will read out the amended motion before accepting any further amendments or, if there are none, putting it to the vote.

d Alteration of motion

(a) A member may alter a motion of which they have given notice with the consent of the meeting. The meeting's consent will be signified without discussion.

(b) A member may alter a motion which they have moved without notice with the consent of both the meeting and the seconder. The meeting's consent will be signified without discussion.

(b) Only alterations which could be made as an amendment may be made.

e Withdrawal of motion

A member may withdraw a motion which they have moved with the consent of both the meeting and the seconder. The meeting's consent will be signified without discussion. No member may speak on the motion after the mover has asked permission to withdraw it, unless permission is refused.

f Right of reply

(a) The mover of a motion has a right to reply at the end of the debate on the motion, immediately before it is put to the vote.

(b) The mover of an amendment has no right of reply to the debate on their amendment.

g Motions which may be moved during debate (see Section 11)

When a motion is under debate, no other motion may be moved except the following procedural motions:

- (a) to withdraw a motion
- (b) to amend a motion
- (c) to proceed to the next business (without a vote on the motion)
- (d) that the question be now put (to the vote without further debate)
- (e) to adjourn a debate
- (f) to adjourn a meeting

(g) on the expiration of 2 hours since the meeting started "that the Council do proceed with the business remaining on the agenda"

(h) to exclude the public and press in accordance with the Access to Information Rules

(i) to not hear further a member named under Rule 2.a or to exclude them from the meeting under Rule 2.a.

h Closure motions (to facilitate the progress of debate)

(a) A member may move, without comment, the following motions at the end of a speech of another member:

- (i) to proceed to the next business
- (ii) that the question be now put
- (iii) to adjourn a debate
- (iv) to adjourn a meeting.

(b) If a motion to proceed to next business is seconded the Chairman will put the procedural motion to the vote (i.e. whether to move on without voting on the motion under discussion).

(c) If a motion that the question be now put is seconded the Chairman will put the procedural motion (to conclude the debate) to the vote. If it is passed the Chairman will put the motion already discussed to the vote.

(d) If a motion to adjourn the debate or to adjourn the meeting is seconded the Chairman will put the procedural motion (to adjourn) to the vote, without giving the mover of the original motion under discussion the right of reply.

I Chairman's Action

The Chairman may at any time upon being satisfied that any motion has been fully debated by the Council, require that "the vote be now taken", but before the vote is taken the proposer of an original motion will be entitled to exercise their right of reply.

j Point of order

A member may raise a point of order at any time. The Chairman will hear them immediately. A point of order may only relate to an alleged breach of these Council Standing Orders or the law. The member must indicate the rule or law and the way in which they consider it has been broken. The ruling of the Chairman on the matter will be final.

2. Conduct at meetings

a No person may obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly.
 If this standing order is ignored, the Chairman of the meeting will request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.

If a person disregards the request of the Chairman to moderate or improve their conduct, any Councillor or the Chairman of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard, or be excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, will be put to the vote without discussion.

- **b** If a resolution made under standing order 2(a) above is ignored, the Chairman of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.
- 3. Meetings generally
 - Full Council meetings
 - Committee meetings
 - Sub-committee meetings
 - a Meetings will not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost.
 - b The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.
 - c The minimum three clear days' notice for a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting unless the meeting is convened at shorter notice.

- d Meetings will be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted, or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting will follow a resolution which will give clear reasons for the public's exclusion.
- e At the invitation of the Chairman, residents of Walmer may make representations, ask and answer questions and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend. The Chairman may, at their discretion, amend the order of the published Agenda to facilitate contributions from the members of the public.
- f The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting, in accordance with standing order 3(e) above, will not exceed 15 minutes unless directed by the Chairman of the meeting.
- g In accordance with standing order 3(e) above, if a full response is not possible within the time allowed, the Chairman of the meeting may direct that a written or oral response be given, or that a debate be scheduled for a subsequent meeting.
- h A person will raise their hand when requesting to speak.
- i A person who speaks at a meeting will direct their comments to the Chairman of the meeting.
- j Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the Chairman of the meeting will direct the order of speaking.
- k Subject to standing order 3(I), a person who attends a meeting is permitted to report on the meeting whilst the meeting is open to the public. To "report" means to film, photograph, make an audio recording, or use any other means (including oral or written commentary) for enabling access (contemporaneous or otherwise) to the meeting proceedings for those not present.
- A person present at a meeting may not provide an oral report or oral commentary about a meeting as it takes place without permission.
- m The press will be provided with reasonable facilities to make a report of any part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.
- n Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chairman of the Council may in their absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chairman of the Council (if any).
- o The Chairman, if present, will preside at a meeting. If the Chairman is

absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chairman, if present, will preside. If both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are absent from a meeting, a Councillor as chosen by the Councillors present at the meeting will preside at the meeting.

- p Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting will be decided by a majority of the Councillors with voting rights present and voting.
- q The Chairman of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote and, in the case of an equality of votes, will exercise their casting vote whether or not they gave an original vote.
 See standing orders 6(h) and (i) below for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chairman of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council.
- r Voting on a question will be by a show of hands or, if at least two members so request, by signed ballot. At the request of a Councillor, the voting on any question will be recorded so as to show whether each Councillor present and voting gave their vote for or against that question. Such a request will be made before moving on to the next item of business on the agenda.
- s The minutes of a meeting will include an accurate record of the following:
 - i. the time and place of the meeting
 - ii. the names of Councillors present and apologies for absence received.
 - iii. interests that have been declared by Councillors and non-Councillors with voting rights (DPI or OSI or VAOI)
 - iv. the grant of dispensations (if any) to Councillors and non-Councillors with voting rights
 - v. whether a Councillor or non-Councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered
 - vi. if there was a public participation session
 - vii. the resolutions made.
- t A Councillor, or a non-Councillor with voting rights, who has a disclosable pecuniary interest (DPI) or another significant interest (OSI) as set out in the Council's code of conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on their right to participate and vote on that matter.
- u No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case will the quorum of a meeting be less than three.
- If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business will be transacted and the meeting will be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting will be adjourned to another meeting.

w If a meeting exceeds a period of 2 hours a vote will be taken as to whether to continue or to adjourn the meeting.

4. Order of business

At every meeting, other than the Annual Meeting, if the Chairman and Vice-Chairman are absent the first business will be to appoint a Chairman.

After this, the order of business, unless the Council decides otherwise on the grounds of urgency, will be as follows:

a Receive any apologies

- b To receive any declarations of interest
- **c** To remind Councillors and members of the public of their responsibilities to others with regard to filming or recording the meeting, in line with the Data Protection Act 1998

d To consider the minutes of the previous meeting and approve the signing of the minutes by the person presiding as a correct record

- e Receive reports on actions agreed at last meeting
- f To deal with business expressly required by statute to be done
- **g** Allow up to 15 minutes discussion with members of the electorate present at the meeting, including any petitions
- h To receive and consider matters relating to Crime & Community Safety
- i To receive and consider written reports and minutes and matters relating to specific committees
- j To receive and consider reports from representatives on outside bodies
- **k** To receive and consider the report of the clerk on correspondence received
- I To receive and consider the financial report
- **m** To consider resolutions or recommendations from Councillors which have been notified (in writing) to the Clerk
- **n** To consider such other communications as the Chairman or Proper Officer may wish to lay before the Council.

5. Committees and sub-committees

- a Unless the Council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members will be determined by the committee.
- b The members of a committee may include non-Councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the Council.
- c Unless the Council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and

a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-Councillors.

- **d** The Chairman and Vice-Chairman ex officio (by right of office) will be members of every committee unless they signify at the Annual Meeting that they do not wish to serve.
- e The Chairman of the Council may only chair one committee.
- f. The Council may appoint standing committees or other committees as may be necessary and will determine their terms of reference (see appendix). The Chair and Vice-Chair of a committee may be appointed by the Full Council, or Council may delegate this decision to members of the committee. The Council may dissolve committees when they are no longer required.

6. Ordinary Council meetings

- a In an election year, the Annual Meeting of the Council will be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the new Councillors elected take office.
- b In a year which is not an election year, the Annual Meeting of the Council will be held on such day in May as the Council may direct.
- c If no other time is fixed, the Annual Meeting of the Council will take place at 7pm.
- d In addition to the Annual Meeting of the Council, at least three other ordinary meetings will be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council directs.
- e The first business conducted at the Annual Meeting of the Council will be the election of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council.
- f The Chairman of the Council, unless they have resigned or become disqualified, will continue in office and preside at the Annual Meeting until their successor is elected at the next Annual Meeting of the Council. A chairman may stand for no more than two successive years with no return for a further two years.
- *g* The Vice-Chairman of the Council, if any, unless they have resigned or become disqualified, will hold office until immediately after the election of the Chairman of the Council at the next Annual Meeting of the Council.
- h In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the Council, they will preside at the meeting until a successor Chairman of the Council has been elected. The current Chairman of the Council will not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council but must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- i In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the Council, they will preside at the meeting until a new Chairman of the Council has been elected. They may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council and must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

- **j** Following the election of the Chairman of the Council and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council at the Annual Meeting, the business of the Annual Meeting will include:
 - i. In an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council and Councillors of their acceptance of office forms, unless the Council resolves for them to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council of their acceptance of office form, unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date a later date
 - ii. confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the Council
 - iii. receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of a committee
 - iv. consideration of the recommendations made by a committee.
 - v. review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities
 - vi. appointment of members to existing committees
 - vii. appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 4 above
 - viii. review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back
 - ix. in an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the Council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future.
 - x. confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insurable risks
 - review of the Council's policies, procedures and practices in respect of its obligations under freedom of information and data protection legislation (see also standing orders 12, 21 and 22)
 - xii. review of the Council's policy for dealing with the press/media.
- 7. Extraordinary meetings of the Council and committees and subcommittees
 - a The Chairman of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.
 - b If the Chairman of the Council does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two Councillors, any two Councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two Councillors.
 - **c** The Chairman of a committee or a sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee or the sub-committee at any time.
 - **d** If the Chairman of a committee or a sub-committee does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting within seven days of having been requested by to do so by two members of the committee or the sub-committee, any two members of the committee and the sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of a committee and a sub-committee.

8. **Previous resolutions**

- **a** A resolution will not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least five Councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 10 below, or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee or a sub-committee.
- **b** When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 8(a) above has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved within a further six months.

9. Voting on appointments

a Where more than two people have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council and none of those has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes will be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process will continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes will be settled by the casting vote exercisable by the Chairman of the meeting.

10. Motions for a meeting that require written notice to be given to the Proper Officer

- **a** A motion will relate to the responsibilities of the meeting which it is tabled for and in any event will relate to the performance of the Council's statutory functions, powers and obligations, or an issue which specifically affects the Council's area or its residents.
- b No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least 6 working days before the meeting. Working days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting.
- **c** The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda received in accordance with standing order 10(b) above, correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.
- **d** If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 10(b) above is not clear in meaning, the motion will be rejected until the mover of the motion resubmits it in writing to the Proper Officer so that it can be understood by the Proper Officer at least 6 working days before the meeting.
- e If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer will consult with the Chairman of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the Councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion will be included in the agenda or rejected.
- **f** Subject to standing order 10(e) above, the decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda will be final.
- **g** Motions received will be recorded and numbered in the order that they are received.

h Motions rejected will be recorded by the Proper Officer, with an explanation for their rejection.

11. Motions at a meeting that do not require written notice

- **a** The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer:
 - i. to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting
 - ii. to move to a vote
 - iii. to defer consideration of a motion
 - iv. to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee
 - v. to appoint a person to preside at a meeting
 - vi. to change the order of business on the agenda
 - vii. to proceed to the next business on the agenda
 - viii. to require a written report
 - ix. to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members
 - x. to extend the time limits for speaking
 - xi. to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or sensitive information which is prejudicial to the public interest
 - xii. to not hear further from a Councillor or a member of the public
 - xiii. to exclude a Councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct
 - xiv. to temporarily suspend the meeting
 - xv. to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory requirements)
 - xvi. to adjourn the meeting
 - xvii. to close a meeting.

12 Management of information

See also standing order 21.

- a The Council will have in place and keep under review, technical and organisational measures to keep secure information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. Such arrangements will include deciding who has access to personal data and encryption of personal data.
- b The Council will have in place, and keep under review, policies for the retention and safe destruction of all information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. The Council's retention policy will confirm the period for which information (including personal data) will be retained, or if this is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980).
- c The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting will not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential information or personal data without legal justification.
- d Councillors, staff, the Council's contractors and agents will not disclose confidential information or personal data without legal justification.

13 Draft minutes

a If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on Councillors with the agenda

for the meeting at which they are due to be approved, they will be taken as read.

- **b** There will be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes will be moved in accordance with standing order 11(a)(i) above.
- **c** The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, will be confirmed by resolution and will be signed by the Chairman of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
- **d** If the Chairman of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, they will sign the minutes and include a paragraph in the following terms or to the same effect:

"The Chairman of their meeting does not believe that the minutes of the meeting of the () held on [date] in respect of () were a correct record but their view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings."

- e The Council will publish draft minutes on a website which is publicly accessible and free of charge not later than two working days after the meeting has taken place, except in exceptional circumstances.
- f Subject to the publication of draft minutes in accordance with standing order 13(e) and standing order 21 and following a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist will be destroyed.

14. Code of Conduct and dispensations

See also standing order 3(t) above.

- **a** All Councillors and non-Councillors with voting rights will observe the Code of Conduct adopted by the Council (see Kent Code of Conduct for Members).
- **b** Unless they have been granted a dispensation, a Councillor or non-Councillor with voting rights will withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which they have a disclosable pecuniary interest. They may return to the meeting after it has considered that matter.
- **c** Unless they have been granted a dispensation, a Councillor or non-Councillor with voting rights will withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which they have another significant interest (OSI), if so required by the Council's Code of Conduct. They may return to the meeting after it has considered that matter.
- **d** A Councillor may also, in the interests of transparency, declare a voluntary announcement of other interests (VAOI). Provided this does not constitute a pecuniary or significant interest, the Councillor may remain in the meeting for the debate and vote.
- e Dispensation requests will be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer as soon as

possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.

- **f** A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation will be made by the Proper Officer and that decision is final.
- **g** A dispensation request will confirm:
 - i. the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest to which the request for the dispensation relates
 - ii. whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote
 - iii. the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding four years) for which the dispensation is sought
 - iv. an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
- **h** Subject to standing orders 14(e) and 14(g) above, dispensations requests will be considered by the Proper Officer before the meeting.
- i A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 14(f) above if having regard to all relevant circumstances the following applies:
 - i. without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business
 - ii. granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the Council's area
 - iii. it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.

15. Code of conduct complaints

- **a** Upon notification by the District Council or County Council that it is dealing with a complaint that a Councillor or non-Councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Proper Officer will keep the matter confidential (with the exception of 15 (b)).
- b Where the notification in standing order 15(a) above relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer or another staff member, the Proper Officer will notify the Chairman of Council of this fact. The Chairman will nominate another staff member to assume the duties of the Proper Officer (or other staff member), in relation to the complaint, until the outcome has been determined. Following the ruling by the Monitoring Officer, the Council will agree what action, if any, to take in accordance with standing order 15(d) below.
- **c** The Proper Officer (or their deputy) may provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to progress an investigation of the complaint, or is required by law.
- d Upon notification by the District Council that a Councillor or non-Councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's Code of Conduct, the Council will consider what, if any, action to take against them. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office.

16. The Proper Officer

- **a** The Proper Officer will be either (i) the Clerk or (ii) other staff member(s) nominated by the Council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer when the Proper Officer is absent.
- **b** The Proper Officer will:
 - i. at least three clear days before a meeting of the Council, a Committee or a subcommittee serve on Councillors, by delivery or post at their residences or by email authenticated in such manner as the Proper Officer thinks fit, a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda (provided the Councillor has consented to service by email)
 - provide, in a conspicuous place, public notice of the time, place and agenda (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by Councillors is signed by them) See standing order 3(b) above for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full

Council and standing order 3(c) above for a meeting of a committee

- iii. subject to standing order 10 above, include on the agenda all motions received, unless a Councillor has given written notice at least 5 working days before the meeting confirming their withdrawal of a motion
- iv. convene a meeting of Full Council for the election of a new Chairman of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in their office
- v. facilitate inspection of the minutes by local government electors
- vi. receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities
- vii. retain acceptance of office forms from Councillors
- viii. retain a copy of every Councillor's register of interests
- ix. assist with responding to requests made under freedom of information legislation and rights under data protection legislation, in accordance with the Council's relevant policies and procedures
- x. liaise, as appropriate with the Council's Data Protection Officer, should one be appointed
- xi. receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the Council except where there is a resolution to the contrary
- xii. assist in the organisation of, storage of, access to, security of and destruction of information held by the Council in paper and electronic form, subject to the requirements of data protection and freedom of information legislation and other legitimate requirements (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980.)
- xiii. arrange for legal deeds to be executed (see also standing order 24 below)
- xiv. arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the Council in accordance with the Council's financial regulations
- xv. record every planning application notified to the Council and the Council's response to the local planning authority
- xvi. refer planning applications received by the Council to the Chairman, or in their absence Vice-Chairman, of the Planning Committee within two working days of receipt, to facilitate an extraordinary meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Planning Committee
- xvii. manage access to information about the Council via the Publication Scheme.
- 17. Responsible Financial Officer

The Council will appoint appropriate staff member(s) to undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer when the Responsible Financial Officer is absent.

18. Accounts and accounting statements

- **a** "Proper practices" in Standing Orders refer to the most recent version of Governance and Accountability for Local Councils a Practitioners' Guide.
- **b** All payments by the Council will be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council's financial regulations.
- **c** The Responsible Financial Officer will supply to each Councillor at each Council meeting a statement to summarise:
 - i. the Council's receipts and payments for that month
 - ii. the Council's aggregate receipts and payments for the year to date
 - iii. the balances held at the end of the month being reported
 - iv. a comparison with the budget for the financial year, and previous year, highlighting any actual or potential overspends.
- **d** As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer will provide:
 - i. each Councillor with a statement summarising the Council's receipts and payments for the last quarter and the year to date, for information
 - ii. to the Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
- e The year end accounting statements will be prepared in accordance with proper practices and applying the form of accounts determined by the level of spend (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for the year to 31 March. A completed draft annual return will be presented to each Councillor before the end of the following month of May. The annual return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, will be presented to Council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

19. Financial controls and procurement

- **a** The Council will consider and approve financial regulations drawn up by the Responsible Financial Officer, which will include detailed arrangements in respect of the following:
 - i. the keeping of accounting records and systems of internal controls
 - ii. the assessment and management of financial risks faced by the Council
 - iii. the work of the independent internal auditor in accordance with proper practices and the receipt of regular reports from the internal auditor, which will be required at least annually
 - iv. the inspection and copying by Councillors and local electors of the Council's accounts and/or orders of payments
 - v. whether contracts with an estimated value below £25,000 due to special circumstances are exempt from a tendering process or procurement exercise.
- **b** Financial regulations will be reviewed regularly, and at least annually, for fitness of purpose.

- c A public contract regulated by the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 with an estimated value in excess of £25,000 (excluding VAT) but less than the relevant thresholds in standing order 19(f) is subject to Regulations 109-114 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 which include a requirement on the Council to advertise the contract opportunity on the Contracts Finder website regardless of what other means it uses to advertise the opportunity.
- **d** Subject to additional requirements in the financial regulations of the Council, the tender process for contracts for the supply of goods, materials, services or the execution of works will include, as a minimum, the following steps:
 - i. a specification for the goods, materials, services or the execution of works will be drawn up
 - ii. an invitation to tender will be drawn up to confirm (i) the Council's specification (ii) the time, date and address for the submission of tenders (iii) the date of the Council's written response to the tender and (iv) the prohibition on prospective contractors contacting Councillors or staff to encourage or support their tender outside the prescribed process
 - iii. the invitation to tender will be advertised locally in any manner that is appropriate
 - iv. tenders are to be submitted in writing to the Proper Officer and a nominated councillor
 - v. tenders are to be reported to and considered by the Full Council or a committee or subcommittee with delegated responsibility.
- e Neither the Council, nor a committee or a sub-committee with delegated responsibility for considering tenders, is bound to accept the lowest value tender.
- f A public contract regulated by the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 with an estimated value in excess of £214,904 for a public service or supply contract, or in excess of £5,372,609 for a public works contract, will comply with the relevant procurement procedures and other requirements in the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 which include advertising the contract opportunity on the Contracts Finder website.

20. Handling staff matters

- **a** A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered by a meeting of the Human Resources committee is subject to standing order 12 above.
- **b** Any person responsible for all or part of the management of staff will treat the written records of all meetings relating to their performance, capabilities, grievance or disciplinary matters as confidential and secure.
- **c** The Council will keep all written records relating to employees secure. All paper records will be secured and locked and electronic records will be password protected and encrypted.
- **d** All matters relating to staff are to be dealt with by the Human Resources committee which will make recommendations for consideration by the Council.
- 21. Responsibilities to provide information See also standing order 22.

In accordance with freedom of information legislation, the Council will publish information in accordance with its publication scheme and respond to requests for information held by the

Council.

22. Responsibilities under data protection legislation (Below is not an exclusive list).

See also standing order 12.

- a **The Council may appoint a Data Protection Officer.**
- b The Council will have policies and procedures in place to respond to an individual exercising statutory rights concerning their personal data.
- c The Council will have a written policy in place for responding to and managing a personal data breach.
- d The Council will keep a record of all personal data breaches comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.
- e The Council will ensure that information communicated in its privacy notice(s) is in an easily accessible and available form and kept up to date.
- f The Council will maintain a written record of its processing activities.
- 23. Relations with the press/media

Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its Councillors or staff will be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media (see Media/Communication Policy).

24. Execution and sealing of legal deeds

See also Standing Orders 16(b)(xiii).

- **a** A legal deed will not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b Subject to standing order 24 a) above, any two Councillors may sign, on behalf of the Council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer will witness their signatures.

25. Communicating with District and County Councillors

- **a** An invitation to attend a meeting of the Council will be sent, together with the agenda, to the ward Councillor(s) of the County Council representing the area of the Council.
- **b** Unless the Council determines otherwise, a copy of each letter sent to the District or County Council will be sent to the ward Councillors representing the area of the Council.

26. Restrictions on Councillor activities

No member of the Council or of any committee or sub-committee will in the name of or on behalf of the Council:

- i. Inspect any lands or premises which the Council has a right or duty to inspect unless authorised to do so by the Council or the relevant committee or sub-committee
- ii. Issue orders, instructions or directions unless authorised to do so by the Council or the relevant committee or sub-committee.

27. Standing Orders generally

- **a** All or part of a Standing Order, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, may be suspended by resolution in relation to the consideration of an item on the agenda for a meeting.
- **b** A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the Council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, may be proposed by a special motion. The written notice by at least five Councillors is to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 10 above.
- **c** The Proper Officer will provide a copy of the Council's Standing Orders to a Councillor as soon as possible after they have delivered their Acceptance of Office form.
- **d** The decision of the Chairman of a meeting as to the application of Standing Orders at the meeting will be final.

Appendix

Terms of reference for committees, sub-committees and working groups will reflect the scope and purpose of the committees, sub-committees or working groups and should be reviewed annually following the Annual Meeting. Any changes will be decided by Full Council unless this power is delegated to the relevant committee.

Council policies should be reviewed at timely intervals.

Standing orders will be reviewed annually to accord with national, county, district or parish changes and to ensure they are clear and easy to understand.